

Senate, for the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, upon vouchers approved by the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper.

(Pub. L. 94-303, title I, § 117, June 1, 1976, 90 Stat. 615; Pub. L. 95-391, title I, § 106, Sept. 30, 1978, 92 Stat. 772; Pub. L. 96-86, § 111(c), Oct. 12, 1979, 93 Stat. 661; Pub. L. 97-12, title I, § 108, June 5, 1981, 95 Stat. 62; Pub. L. 100-458, title I, § 6, Oct. 1, 1988, 102 Stat. 2161; Pub. L. 101-520, title I, § 6, Nov. 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 2258.)

AMENDMENTS

1990—Pub. L. 101-520 amended section generally. Prior to amendment, section read as follows: “For the purpose of carrying out his duties, the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate is authorized to incur official travel expenses not to exceed \$250,000 during any fiscal year. With the approval of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, the Secretary of the Senate is authorized to advance to any designated employee under the jurisdiction of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper such sums as may be necessary, not exceeding \$1,000, to defray official travel expenses in assisting the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper in carrying out his duties. Any such employee shall, as soon as practicable, furnish to the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper a detailed voucher for such expenses incurred and make settlement with respect to any amount so advanced. For purposes of this section, official travel expenses includes travel expenses incurred in connection with training of employees only if the training has been approved by the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate. Payments under this section shall be made from funds included in the appropriation ‘Miscellaneous Items’ under the heading ‘Contingent Expenses of the Senate’ upon vouchers approved by the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper.”

1988—Pub. L. 100-458, which directed the substitution of “not to exceed \$250,000 during any fiscal year” for “not to exceed \$167,000 during any fiscal year” was executed by making the substitution for “not exceeding \$167,000 during any fiscal year” as the probable intent of Congress because of absence of “not to exceed” in text.

1981—Pub. L. 97-12 substituted “\$167,000” for “\$92,000”.

1979—Pub. L. 96-86 substituted “\$92,000” for “\$25,000”.

1978—Pub. L. 95-391 substituted “\$25,000” for “\$10,000”.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1990 AMENDMENT

Section 6 of Pub. L. 101-520 provided that the amendment made by that section is effective in the case of fiscal years which begin after Sept. 30, 1990.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1988 AMENDMENT

Section 6 of Pub. L. 100-458 provided that the amendment made by that section is effective with fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1988.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1981 AMENDMENT

Section 108 of Pub. L. 97-12 provided that the amendment made by that section is effective with the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1981.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1979 AMENDMENT

Section 111(c) of Pub. L. 96-86 provided that the amendment made by that section is effective with the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, 1980.

§§ 61f-2 to 61f-6. Omitted

Sections were omitted for lack of general applicability. Sections were from the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1972, the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1972, the Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1973, the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1974, and the

Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1974, respectively, and provided for the appointment and compensation of specified Senate employees by the Sergeant at Arms.

Section 61f-2, Pub. L. 92-51, July 9, 1971, 85 Stat. 127, was effective July 1, 1971.

Section 61f-3, Pub. L. 92-184, ch. IV, Dec. 15, 1971, 85 Stat. 634, was effective Jan. 1, 1972.

Section 61f-4, Pub. L. 92-607, ch. V, Oct. 31, 1972, 86 Stat. 1504, was effective Nov. 1, 1972.

Section 61f-5, Pub. L. 93-145, Nov. 1, 1973, 87 Stat. 529, was effective July 1, 1973.

Section 61f-6, Pub. L. 93-245, ch. VI, Jan. 3, 1974, 87 Stat. 1078, was effective Dec. 1, 1973.

§ 61f-7. Abolition of statutory positions in Office of Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of Senate; authority to establish and fix compensation for positions

Effective October 1, 1981, all statutory positions in the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate (other than the positions of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate, Deputy Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, and Administrative Assistant) are abolished, and in lieu of the positions hereby abolished the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate is authorized to establish such number of positions as he deems appropriate and appoint and fix the compensation of employees to fill the positions so established; except that the annual rate of compensation payable to any employee appointed to fill any position established by the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate shall not, for any period of time, be in excess of \$1,000 less than the annual rate of compensation of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate for that period of time; and except that nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any position authorized by statute, if the compensation for such position is to be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate.

(Pub. L. 97-51, § 116, Oct. 1, 1981, 95 Stat. 963.)

TRANSFER OF JURISDICTION OF SENATE CHAMBER PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM FROM ARCHITECT OF CAPITOL TO SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER OF SENATE

Pub. L. 102-90, title I, § 8, Aug. 14, 1991, 105 Stat. 451, provided that:

“(a) Effective October 1, 1991, the jurisdiction and control of the Senate chamber public address system is transferred from the Architect of the Capitol to the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate. In the case of any employee of the Architect of the Capitol transferred during fiscal year 1992 to the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper of the Senate as an audio operator—

“(1) in the case of days of annual leave to the credit of any such employee as of the date such employee is transferred, the Architect of the Capitol is authorized to make payment to each such employee for that annual leave, and no such payment shall be considered a payment or compensation within the meaning of any law relating to dual compensation; and

“(2) for purposes of section 8339(m) of title 5, United States Code, the days of unused sick leave to the credit of any such employee as of the date such employee is transferred shall be included in the total service of such employee in connection with the computation of any annuity under subsections (a) through (e), (n), and (q) of such section.

“(b) The Architect of the Capitol shall provide the maintenance of the Senate chamber public address sys-